119th CONGRESS 1st Session

To place further congressional oversight on any quantitative easing or tightening programs or any emergency lending programs of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, to require reports to Congress relating to those programs, to require congressional approval of the extension of those programs, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SCOTT of Florida introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

- To place further congressional oversight on any quantitative easing or tightening programs or any emergency lending programs of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, to require reports to Congress relating to those programs, to require congressional approval of the extension of those programs, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Rein in the Federal5 Reserve Act".

## 1 SEC. 2. FEDERAL RESERVE PROGRAMS.

2 (a) REPORTING REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN PRO-3 GRAMS.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Upon initiating any quan-5 titative easing or tightening program or any emer-6 gency lending program under the first or third un-7 designated paragraph of section 13 of the Federal 8 Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 342, 343), the Board of 9 Governors of the Federal Reserve System (referred to in this section as the "Board of Governors") shall 10 11 submit to Congress, the Committee on Banking, 12 Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate, and the 13 Committee on Ways and Means of the House of 14 Representatives, and make publicly available, a re-15 port on the program.

16 (2) REPORT FREQUENCY.—With respect to a
17 report under paragraph (1), the Board of Governors
18 shall submit an updated report not less frequently
19 than once every 90 days until—

20 (A) the program to which the report ap-21 plies ends; and

(B) all assets purchased under the program described in subparagraph (A) have been
removed from the balance sheet indicating the
total assets of the Board of Governors.

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1	(3) Report contents.—A report described in
2	paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to the pro-
3	gram to which the report applies—
4	(A) the rationale for initiating the pro-
5	gram;
6	(B) an estimated projection of—
7	(i) mark-to-market losses;
8	(ii) any addition of funds to the
9	money supply;
10	(iii) any impact on the amount of the
11	public debt of the Federal Government;
12	and
13	(iv) any potential losses to the tax-
14	payers of the United States;
15	(C) if applicable, an economic impact as-
16	sessment and projections on the interaction of
17	the program with domestic and global markets;
18	(D) an outline of the pace, size, and spe-
19	cific financial products purchased and antici-
20	pated to be purchased under the program;
21	(E) a plan with a specific timeline for end-
22	ing the program by a date that is not later than
23	3 years after the date on which the Board of
24	Governors initiates the program, such that the
25	program does not become part of the standard

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1operations of the Board of Governors, includ-2ing, if applicable, a description of the rationale3for why the program should extend beyond 14year; and5(F) an assessment of any potential risks to6price stability that may result from the pro-7gram.

8 (b) LIMITATION ON DURATION AND RENEWAL OF 9 PROGRAMS.—The Board of Governors shall not engage in 10 any program described in subsection (a)(1) for a period longer than 1 year without authorization from Congress. 11 12 (c) DISAPPROVAL OF STANDING PROGRAMS.—With 13 respect to any program described in subsection (a)(1)— 14 (1) the report submitted under that subsection 15 shall be considered to be the report required under 16 section 801(a)(1)(A) of title 5, United States Code; 17 and

(2) the program shall be subject to the procedure for congressional disapproval under chapter 8
of title 5, United States Code.