118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.	
-------------------------------	----	--

To provide that all Federal employees in the executive branch of the Federal Government are at-will employees, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Scott of Florida (for himself and Mr. Schmitt) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To provide that all Federal employees in the executive branch of the Federal Government are at-will employees, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Public Service Reform
- 5 Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. AT-WILL EMPLOYMENT FOR FEDERAL EXECUTIVE
- 7 BRANCH EMPLOYEES.
- 8 (a) Definitions.—In this section—

(1) the term "adverse personnel action"	means
with respect to an employee, a removal, a sus	spension
for more than 14 days, a reduction in grad	e, a re-
4 duction in pay, or a furlough of 30 days or le	ess;
5 (2) the term "career employee" means a	any em-
6 ployee who is not a political appointee;	
7 (3) the term "covered position" has the	e mean-
8 ing given the term in section 2302(a)(2)(B)	of title
9 5, United States Code;	
10 (4) the term "employee"—	
(A) has the meaning given the term	n in sec-
tion 2105 of title 5, United States Code;	and
(B) includes—	
(i) an officer or employee	of the
United States Postal Service or the	e Postal
16 Regulatory Commission; and	
17 (ii) notwithstanding subsection	n (b) of
section 7425 of title 38, United	States
Code, any employee described in su	bsection
20 (a) of such section 7425; and	
(5) the term "political appointee" mea	ans any
employee who—	
(A) is appointed by the President;	

1	(B) is a noncareer appointee (as that term
2	is defined in section $3132(a)(7)$ of title 5
3	United States Code);
4	(C) occupies a position under schedule C of
5	subpart C of part 213 of title 5, Code of Fed-
6	eral Regulations, or any successor regulations
7	or
8	(D) occupies any other position in the civil
9	service (as that term is defined in section 2101
10	of title 5, United States Code) that is classified
11	as a political position after the date of enact-
12	ment of this Act under regulations prescribed
13	by the Director of the Office of Personnel Man-
14	agement.
15	(b) AT-WILL EMPLOYMENT.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
17	provision of law, rule, or regulation, and except as
18	provided in paragraph (2), any employee in the exec-
19	utive branch of the Federal Government—
20	(A) shall be considered at-will;
21	(B) may be subject to any adverse per-
22	sonnel action (up to and including removal) for
23	good cause, bad cause, or no cause at all; and

1	(C) may not challenge or otherwise appeal
2	an action described in subparagraph (B), except
3	as provided in subsections (c) and (g).
4	(2) LIMITATION.—An employee may not be
5	subject to any adverse personnel action under this
6	Act for a reason that is prohibited under section
7	2302(b) of title 5, United States Code.
8	(3) Procedures.—
9	(A) In general.—The President shall es-
10	tablish procedures to enforce compliance with
11	paragraph (2).
12	(B) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
13	this paragraph may be construed to grant an
14	employee the right to review or appeal an ad-
15	verse personnel action outside of the procedures
16	described in subparagraph (A), subsection (g),
17	or subsection (h), as applicable.
18	(c) Removal of Career Employees.—With re-
19	spect to the removal of a career employee, the following
20	procedures shall apply:
21	(1) Before the applicable agency removes the
22	career employee—
23	(A) the agency official authorized to pro-
24	pose such action (referred to in this subsection
25	as the "proposing official") shall provide the ca-

1	reer employee with written notification of the
2	proposed removal and the reasons for the pro
3	posed removal; and
4	(B) the career employee shall have 14 days
5	to provide a written response to the notification
6	received under subparagraph (A), except that
7	the head of the applicable agency shall have
8	sole and exclusive discretion to alter that re
9	sponse period on a case-by-case basis.
10	(2) Under procedures prescribed by the applica
11	ble agency head, in the sole and exclusive discretion
12	of the agency head, an agency official (who, excep-
13	when the proposing official is the agency head, shall
14	be an agency official other than the proposing offi
15	cial) (referred to in this subsection as the "deciding
16	official")—
17	(A) shall review the proposed removal and
18	the response of the career employee under para
19	graph (1);
20	(B) may, in the sole and exclusive discre
21	tion of the deciding official, conduct a hearing
22	on the matter; and
23	(C) after the review conducted under sub
24	paragraph (A), and any hearing conducted

1	under subparagraph (B), shall decide whether
2	to remove or retain the career employee.
3	(3) The determination of a deciding official
4	under paragraph (2) shall be the final decision of
5	the applicable agency with respect to the career em-
6	ployee, unless, not later than 7 days after the date
7	on which the deciding official makes that determina-
8	tion, the agency head reverses the determination of
9	the deciding official, in which case the decision of
10	the agency head shall be the final agency decision.
11	(4) The final decision of an agency under para-
12	graph (3) shall be final and not subject to any ap-
13	peal or challenge, except that the President may
14	overrule that final decision of the agency in accord-
15	ance with such procedures or regulations as the
16	President may prescribe.
17	(d) Application.—Chapter 43 of title 5, United
18	States Code, shall not apply to any personnel action taken
19	with respect to an employee under this Act.
20	(e) Abolishment of MSPB.—
21	(1) In general.—Effective on the date of en-
22	actment of this Act, the Merit Systems Protection
23	Board (referred to in this subsection as the
24	"Board") is hereby abolished.

1	(2) DISPOSAL OF ASSETS, OBLIGATIONS, AND
2	LIABILITIES.—The Chairman of the Board may take
3	such actions as are necessary to dispose of the as-
4	sets, obligations, and liabilities of the Board.
5	(f) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
6	(1) Repeal.—The following provisions of title
7	5, United States Code, are hereby repealed:
8	(A) Subchapter I of chapter 12.
9	(B) Section 1212(c).
10	(C) With respect to section 1214, the fol-
11	lowing provisions:
12	(i) Subsection (b)(1).
13	(ii) Subparagraphs (B) through (D)
14	of subsection (b)(2).
15	(iii) Paragraphs (3) and (4) of sub-
16	section (b).
17	(iv) Subsections (c), (g), and (i).
18	(D) Sections 1215 and 1221.
19	(E) Section 4303.
20	(F) Chapter 75.
21	(G) Chapter 77.
22	(2) Other amendments.—Chapter 71 of title
23	5, United States Code, is amended—
24	(A) in section 7103(a)(14)—

1	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs
2	(B) and (C) as subparagraphs (C) and
3	(D), respectively; and
4	(ii) by inserting after subparagraph
5	(A) the following:
6	"(B) relating to adverse personnel actions,
7	as provided by the Public Service Reform Act;";
8	and
9	(B) in section 7121(c), by amending para-
10	graph (3) to read as follows:
11	"(3) any adverse personnel action under the
12	Public Service Reform Act;".
13	(g) Whistleblower Protections.—
14	(1) In general.—During the period described
15	in subsection (c)(1)(B), the Office of Special Counsel
16	may make a recommendation to the applicable agen-
17	cy head or deciding official (as described in sub-
18	section (c)(2)) regarding whether an adverse per-
19	sonnel action proposed against an individual was in
20	retaliation for making a disclosure described in sec-
21	tion 2302(b)(8) of title 5, United States Code.
22	(2) Appeal.—
23	(A) In general.—An individual in a cov-
24	ered position who is subject to an adverse per-
25	sonnel action and who claims that action was

1	taken for a reason prohibited under paragraph
2	(8) or (9) of section 2302(b) of title 5, United
3	States Code, may appeal that action to the
4	United States court of appeals in the circuit in
5	which the duty station of the individual is lo-
6	cated.
7	(B) Decision.—
8	(i) Frivolous or bad faith ap-
9	PEAL.—If the court, in an appeal brought
10	by an individual under subparagraph (A),
11	finds that the appeal is brought in bad
12	faith or is frivolous, the annuity of the in-
13	dividual under chapter 83 or 84 of title 5,
14	United States Code, shall be reduced by 25
15	percent.
16	(ii) Successful appeal.—If an indi-
17	vidual prevails in an appeal brought under
18	subparagraph (A), the individual shall—
19	(I) be placed, as nearly as pos-
20	sible, in the position the individual
21	would have been in had the adverse
22	personnel action not been taken
23	against the individual; and
24	(II) be reimbursed for—

1	(aa) attorney fees, back pay,
2	and related benefits in accord-
3	ance with section 5596 of title 5,
4	United States Code; and
5	(bb) medical costs incurred,
6	travel expenses, any other rea-
7	sonable and foreseeable con-
8	sequential damages, and compen-
9	satory damages (including inter-
10	est, reasonable expert witness
11	fees, and costs).
12	(h) EEOC APPEALS.—Notwithstanding any other
13	provision of law, including section 717 of the Civil Rights
14	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16), an individual who is
15	an employee (or an applicant for a position as an em-
16	ployee) and who alleges that the individual was subject
17	to an adverse personnel action that is a prohibited per-
18	sonnel action described in section 2302(b)(1) of title 5,
19	United States Code, shall seek relief for that action from
20	the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission as if that
21	individual were an employee of an employer, as that term
22	is defined in section 701 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
23	(42 U.S.C. 2000e).