116th Congress 2d Session  S.
To modify, consolidate, or repeal unnecessary agency major rules, and for other purposes.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
Mr. Scott of Florida (for himself, Mr. Hawley, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Perdue, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Cotton, and Mr. Daines) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
A BILL

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

To modify, consolidate, or repeal unnecessary agency major rules, and for other purposes.

- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Unnecessary Agency
- 5 Regulations Reduction Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act—

1	(1) the term "Administrator" means the Ad-
2	ministrator of the Office of Information and Regu-
3	latory Affairs;
4	(2) the term "agency" has the meaning given
5	the term in section 551 of title 5, United States
6	Code;
7	(3) the term "burdensome", with respect to a
8	major rule or set of major rules of an agency, means
9	that the major rule or set of major rules—
10	(A) can be modified, consolidated, or re-
11	pealed to eliminate or reduce excessive compli-
12	ance costs or user fees; or
13	(B) imposes unfunded mandates due to the
14	agency failing to adequately comply with section
15	205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of
16	1995 (2 U.S.C. 1535);
17	(4) the term "duplicative", with respect to a
18	major rule or set of major rules of an agency, means
19	that the major rule or set of major rules overlaps.
20	duplicates, or conflicts with other Federal regula-
21	tions;
22	(5) the term "joint resolution" means only a
23	joint resolution that contains legislative language to
24	modify, consolidate, or repeal agency major rules;

1	(6) the term "major rule" has the meaning
2	given the term in section 804 of title 5, United
3	States Code;
4	(7) the term "outdated", with respect to a
5	major rule or set of major rules of an agency or a
6	portion of a major rule of an agency means that the
7	major rule, set of major rules, or the portion of the
8	major rule has not been modified in the 10-year pe-
9	riod preceding the date on which the Administrator
10	submits the most recent list required under section
11	3(a)(3)(A)(ii);
12	(8) the term "regulation" has the meaning
13	given the term "rule" in section 551 of title 5
14	United States Code; and
15	(9) the term "set of major rules" means not
16	less than 2 major rules that collectively implement
17	a regulatory authority of an agency.
18	SEC. 3. REVIEW AND IDENTIFICATION OF UNNECESSARY
19	REGULATIONS.
20	(a) Review.—
21	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall, or
22	an annual basis and in consultation with each agen-
23	cy—

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1	(A) compile a list that identifies all
2	planned agency major rules or sets of major
3	rules for the period covered by the submission;
4	(B) identify agency major rules or sets of
5	major rules described in subparagraph (A) that
6	are duplicative or burdensome; and
7	(C) consult with the congressional commit-
8	tees with jurisdiction over the major rules or
9	sets of major rules identified under subpara-
10	graph (B) to determine whether those major
11	rules or sets of major rules would no longer be
12	useful and could be modified, consolidated, or
13	repealed.
14	(2) Consideration of Gao duplication re-
15	PORT.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller Gen-
17	eral of the United States shall—
18	(i) on an annual basis, provide to the
19	Administrator a copy of the annual report
20	prepared pursuant to section 21 of the
21	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (31
22	U.S.C. 712 note); and
23	(ii) in the report provided under
24	clause (i), identify any major rules or sets
25	of major rules associated with the pro-

1	grams, agencies, offices, and initiatives
2	identified in the report as having duplica-
3	tive goals or activities, as defined by the
4	Comptroller General.
5	(B) Review.—Upon receipt of the report
6	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator
7	shall—
8	(i) review any major rules or sets of
9	major rules associated with the programs,
10	agencies, offices, and initiatives identified
11	in the report as having duplicative goals or
12	activities;
13	(ii) determine, in consultation with
14	the relevant agencies, whether any of the
15	major rules or sets of major rules identi-
16	fied in clause (i) are duplicative or out-
17	dated; and
18	(iii) determine how any duplicative or
19	outdated major rules or sets of major rules
20	identified in clause (ii) should be modified,
21	consolidated, or repealed.
22	(3) Identification of major rules or sets
23	OF MAJOR RULES.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
25	shall, on an annual basis—

1	(i) compile a list of major rules or sets
2	of major rules that the Administrator de-
3	termines are outdated, duplicative, or bur-
4	densome; and
5	(ii) submit to Congress and include in
6	each Unified Agenda of Federal Regu-
7	latory and Deregulatory Actions a list of
8	major rules or sets of major rules that the
9	Administrator recommends should be
10	modified, consolidated, or repealed.
11	(B) REQUIRED PERCENTAGE.—The list of
12	major rules or sets of major rules identified as
13	outdated, duplicative, or burdensome under sub-
14	paragraph (A)(i) shall be not less than 10 per-
15	cent of all major rules and sets of major rules
16	identified under paragraphs (1)(B) and
17	(2)(B)(ii).
18	(b) Criteria for Review.—In identifying major
19	rules or sets of major rules that are outdated, duplicative,
20	or burdensome under subsection (a), the Administrator
21	may consider—
22	(1) whether the original purpose of the major
23	rule or set of major rules was achieved, and the
24	major rule or set of major rules could be repealed
25	without significant recurrence of adverse effects or

1 conduct that the major rule or set of major rules 2 was intended to prevent or reduce; 3 (2) whether the implementation, compliance, 4 administration, enforcement, imposition of unfunded 5 mandates, or other costs of the major rule or set of 6 major rules to the economy are not justified by the 7 benefits to society within the United States produced 8 by the expenditure of those costs; 9 (3) whether the major rule or set of major rules 10 has been rendered unnecessary or obsolete, taking 11 into consideration the length of time since the major 12 rule or set of major rules was made and the degree 13 to which technology, economic conditions, market 14 practices, or other relevant factors have changed in 15 the subject area affected by the major rule or set of 16 major rules; 17 (4) whether the major rule or set of major rules 18 has become unjustified or unnecessary as a result of 19 changed circumstances; 20 (5) whether the major rule or set of major rules 21 is compatible with other regulations and not duplica-22 tive or inappropriately burdensome in the aggregate; 23 (6) whether the major rule or set of major rules 24 is ineffective at achieving the purposes of the major 25 rule or set of major rules;

1	(7) whether the major rule or set of major rules
2	is duplicative of other Federal regulations;
3	(8) whether the major rule or set of major rules
4	has excessive compliance costs, user fees, imposes
5	unfunded mandates, or is otherwise excessively bur-
6	densome, as compared to alternatives that—
7	(A) specify performance objectives rather
8	than conduct or manners of compliance;
9	(B) establish economic incentives to en-
10	courage desired behavior;
11	(C) provide information upon which
12	choices can be made by the public;
13	(D) incorporate other innovative alter-
14	natives rather than agency actions that specify
15	conduct or manners of compliance; or
16	(E) could in other ways substantially lower
17	costs without significantly undermining effec-
18	tiveness;
19	(9) whether the major rule or set of major rules
20	inhibits innovation in or growth of the United States
21	economy, such as by impeding the introduction or
22	use of safer or equally safe technology that is newer
23	or more efficient than technology required by or per-
24	missible under the major rule or set of major rules;

1	(10) whether or not the major rule or set of
2	major rules harms competition within the United
3	States economy or the international economic com-
4	petitiveness of enterprises or entities based in the
5	United States;
6	(11) whether or not the major rule or set of
7	major rules limits or prevents an agency from apply-
8	ing new or emerging technologies to improve effi-
9	ciency and effectiveness of government;
10	(12) whether the major rule or set of major
11	rules harms wage growth, including wage growth for
12	minimum wage and part-time workers;
13	(13) whether the major rule or set of major
14	rules is outdated;
15	(14) whether the major rule or set of major
16	rules is in full compliance with the requirements of
17	section 801(a)(1)(A) of title 5, United States Code;
18	(15) whether, and the extent to which, the re-
19	peal of the major rule or set of major rules would
20	impact public health;
21	(16) the review of the report submitted by the
22	Comptroller General of the United States under sub-
23	section $(a)(2)$ ; and
24	(17) such other criteria as the Administrator
25	determines to identify major rules or sets of major

1	rules that can be repealed to eliminate or reduce un-
2	necessarily burdensome costs to the United States
3	economy.
4	(c) Consideration by Congress.—Not later than
5	30 days after the date on which the Administrator submits
6	the list of major rules or sets of major rules to Congress
7	under subsection (a)(3)(A)(ii), each appropriate congres-
8	sional committee shall—
9	(1) review each such major rule or set of major
10	rules that is within the jurisdiction of the committee
11	to determine if the major rule or set of major rules
12	should be modified, consolidated, or repealed; and
13	(2) issue a recommendation to modify, consoli-
14	date, or repeal the major rule or set of major rules
15	in a joint resolution.
	in a joint resolution.  SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF
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15 16	SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF
15 16 17	SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.
15 16 17 18	SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF  JOINT RESOLUTION.  (a) Introduction of Joint Resolution.—
15 16 17 18	SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF  JOINT RESOLUTION.  (a) Introduction of Joint Resolution.—  (1) In general.—Any joint resolution—
115 116 117 118 119 220	SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF  JOINT RESOLUTION.  (a) Introduction of Joint Resolution.—  (1) In general.—Any joint resolution—  (A) shall be introduced in the Senate (by
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF  JOINT RESOLUTION.  (a) Introduction of Joint Resolution.—  (1) In General.—Any joint resolution—  (A) shall be introduced in the Senate (by request) by the Majority Leader or Minority
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222	SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF  JOINT RESOLUTION.  (a) Introduction of Joint Resolution.—  (1) In General.—Any joint resolution—  (A) shall be introduced in the Senate (by request) by the Majority Leader or Minority  Leader of the Senate or by a Member of the

1	each appropriate congressional committee has
2	issued the recommendation required under sec-
3	tion 3(e); and
4	(B) shall be introduced in the House of
5	Representatives (by request) by the Speaker of
6	the House of Representatives or the Minority
7	Leader of the House of Representatives or by
8	a Member of the House of Representatives des-
9	ignated by the Speaker of the House of Rep-
10	resentatives or the Minority Leader of the
11	House of Representatives not later than 60
12	days after the date on which the date on which
13	each appropriate congressional committee has
14	issued the recommendation required under sec-
15	tion $3(e)$ .
16	(2) Reintroduction.—Any joint resolution
17	shall be reintroduced as described in paragraph (1)
18	not later than 60 days after the first day of a Con-
19	gress if—
20	(A) the joint resolution was introduced
21	during the previous Congress after the date
22	that was 210 days before the date of the sine
23	die adjournment of such previous Congress; and
24	(B) there was not a vote in either House
25	of Congress on passage of the joint resolution

1	introduced under subparagraph (A) during the
2	previous Congress by which the joint resolution
3	was not agreed to.
4	(b) Expedited Consideration in House of Rep-
5	RESENTATIVES.—
6	(1) Reporting and discharge.—Any com-
7	mittee of the House of Representatives to which a
8	joint resolution is referred shall report it to the
9	House of Representatives not later than 180 days
10	after the date on which the joint resolution is intro-
11	duced or reintroduced in the House of Representa-
12	tives under subsection (a). If a committee fails to re-
13	port the joint resolution within that period, the com-
14	mittee shall be discharged from further consider-
15	ation of the joint resolution and the joint resolution
16	shall be referred to the appropriate calendar.
17	(2) Proceeding to consideration.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—After each committee
19	authorized to consider a joint resolution reports
20	it to the House of Representatives or has been
21	discharged from its consideration, it shall be in
22	order, not later than 210 days after the date on
23	which the joint resolution is introduced or re-
24	introduced in the House of Representatives

under subsection (a), to move to proceed to con-

25

1	sider the joint resolution in the House of Rep-
2	resentatives.
3	(B) Procedure.—For a motion to pro-
4	ceed to consideration of a joint resolution—
5	(i) all points of order against the mo-
6	tion are waived;
7	(ii) such a motion shall not be in
8	order after the House of Representatives
9	has disposed of a motion to proceed on the
10	joint resolution;
11	(iii) the previous question shall be
12	considered as ordered on the motion to its
13	adoption without intervening motion;
14	(iv) the motion shall not be debatable;
15	and
16	(v) a motion to reconsider the vote by
17	which the motion is disposed of shall not
18	be in order.
19	(3) Consideration.—If the House of Rep-
20	resentatives proceeds to consideration of a joint res-
21	olution—
22	(A) the joint resolution shall be considered
23	as read;

1	(B) all points of order against the joint
2	resolution and against its consideration are
3	waived;
4	(C) the previous question shall be consid-
5	ered as ordered on the joint resolution to its
6	passage without intervening motion except 10
7	hours of debate equally divided and controlled
8	by the proponent and an opponent;
9	(D) an amendment to the joint resolution
10	shall not be in order; and
11	(E) a motion to reconsider the vote on pas-
12	sage of the joint resolution shall not be in
13	order.
14	(c) Expedited Consideration in Senate.—
15	(1) Placement on Calendar.—Upon intro-
16	duction in the Senate, the joint resolution shall be
17	placed immediately on the calendar.
18	(2) Proceeding to consideration.—
19	(A) In general.—Notwithstanding rule
20	XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, it is
21	in order, not later than 210 days after the date
22	on which the joint resolution is introduced or
23	reintroduced in the Senate under subsection (a)
24	(even though a previous motion to the same ef-

1	fect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed
2	to the consideration of a joint resolution.
3	(B) Procedure.—For a motion to pro-
4	ceed to the consideration of a joint resolution—
5	(i) all points of order against the mo-
6	tion are waived;
7	(ii) the motion is not debatable;
8	(iii) the motion is not subject to a mo-
9	tion to postpone;
10	(iv) a motion to reconsider the vote by
11	which the motion is agreed to or disagreed
12	to shall not be in order; and
13	(v) if the motion is agreed to, the
14	joint resolution shall remain the unfinished
15	business until disposed of.
16	(3) Floor consideration.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Senate proceeds
18	to consideration of a joint resolution—
19	(i) all points of order against the joint
20	resolution (and against consideration of
21	the joint resolution) are waived;
22	(ii) consideration of the joint resolu-
23	tion, and all debatable motions and appeals
24	in connection therewith, shall be limited to
25	not more than 10 hours, which shall be di-

1	vided equally between the majority and mi-
2	nority leaders or their designees;
3	(iii) a motion further to limit debate
4	is in order and not debatable;
5	(iv) an amendment to, a motion to
6	postpone, or a motion to commit the joint
7	resolution is not in order; and
8	(v) a motion to proceed to the consid-
9	eration of other business is not in order.
10	(B) Vote on passage.—The vote on pas-
11	sage shall occur immediately following the con-
12	clusion of the consideration of a joint resolu-
13	tion, and a single quorum call at the conclusion
14	of the debate if requested in accordance with
15	the rules of the Senate.
16	(C) Rulings of the chair on proce-
17	DURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair
18	relating to the application of this paragraph or
19	the rules of the Senate, as the case may be, to
20	the procedure relating to a joint resolution shall
21	be decided without debate.
22	(d) Rules Relating to Senate and House of
23	Representatives.—
24	(1) Coordination with action by other
25	HOUSE.—If, before the passage by one House of a

1	joint resolution of that House, that House receives
2	from the other House a joint resolution—
3	(A) the joint resolution of the other House
4	shall not be referred to a committee; and
5	(B) with respect to a joint resolution of the
6	House receiving the resolution—
7	(i) the procedure in that House shall
8	be the same as if no joint resolution had
9	been received from the other House; and
10	(ii) the vote on passage shall be on
11	the joint resolution of the other House.
12	(2) Treatment of joint resolution of
13	OTHER HOUSE.—If one House fails to introduce or
14	consider a joint resolution under this section, the
15	joint resolution of the other House shall be entitled
16	to expedited floor procedures under this section.
17	(3) Treatment of companion measures.—
18	If, following passage of a joint resolution in the Sen-
19	ate, the Senate receives the companion measure
20	from the House of Representatives, the companion
21	measure shall not be debatable.
22	(4) Consideration after passage.—If the
23	President vetoes the joint resolution, consideration
24	of a veto message in the Senate under this para-
25	graph shall be not more than 10 hours equally di-

I	vided between the majority and minority leaders or
2	their designees.
3	(e) Rules of House of Representatives and
4	Senate.—This section is enacted by Congress—
5	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
6	the Senate and House of Representatives, respec-
7	tively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of
8	each House, respectively, but applicable only with re-
9	spect to the procedure to be followed in that House
10	in the case of a joint resolution, and to supersede
11	other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent
12	with such rules; and
13	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
14	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
15	relating to the procedure of that House) at any time,
16	in the same manner, and to the same extent as in
17	the case of any other rule of that House.